



Getting Multi-Cloud Right The First Time

David Linthicum

May 2020



Key Drivers for a Multi-Cloud Environment

We believe multi-cloud can drive increased cost efficiency and flexibility while tapping in to technology innovation democratized in the cloud

Multi-Cloud Adoption Drivers

-  **Reduce cloud spend** through competitive negotiation
-  **Gain autonomy** by minimizing vendor lock-in
-  **Improve resiliency and reliability** by distributing workloads across multiple cloud service providers
-  **Increase business agility** through greater access to the latest technologies across multiple providers
-  **Optimize the best of breed** of cloud computing solutions across the various Cloud Service Providers
-  Meet current and future requirements of **governance, security, privacy, risk management and compliance regulations**

Multi-Cloud Environment Benefits



Business Continuity

Improve geographic presence and disaster recovery in response to outages



Technology Innovation

Adopt the latest technologies from different leading service providers



Cost Reduction

Reduce operating cost with more competitive price



Service Flexibility

Offers true flexibility to implement solutions that best fit each business workload to optimize performance



Vulnerability Mitigation

Reduce vulnerability risk by limiting blast radius with multiple Cloud Service Providers



Data Gravity Reduction

Reduce latency caused by exploding data volume on single cloud service provider platform

An IDC study found that 86% of enterprises predict that they will need a Multi-Cloud approach to support their solutions within the next two years

Key Considerations for Multi-Cloud Strategy

Getting multi-cloud right means being thoughtful about how you approach it



Security – Embed integrated, next generation security and privacy concepts into requirements, design, build, and testing.



Compliance – Meet regulatory compliance and data residency requirements e.g., GDPR, GxP's and Part 11



Cost – Move workloads to cheaper regions. Leverage cloud policies to manage cloud spend by real time alerts



Disaster Recovery (DR) – Provide resiliency against cyberattacks and data center outages



Portability – Provide portability through the ability to migrate from the cloud to another using automated deployment scripts (Terraform, Ansible, etc.)



Data Management – Multiple providers for different workloads with different performance and capacity requirements



Infrastructure right sizing – On-demand and distributed virtualized application mobility



Lower Latency – Proximity of geographically distributed customers to cloud data centers

Challenges of Multi-Cloud Environments

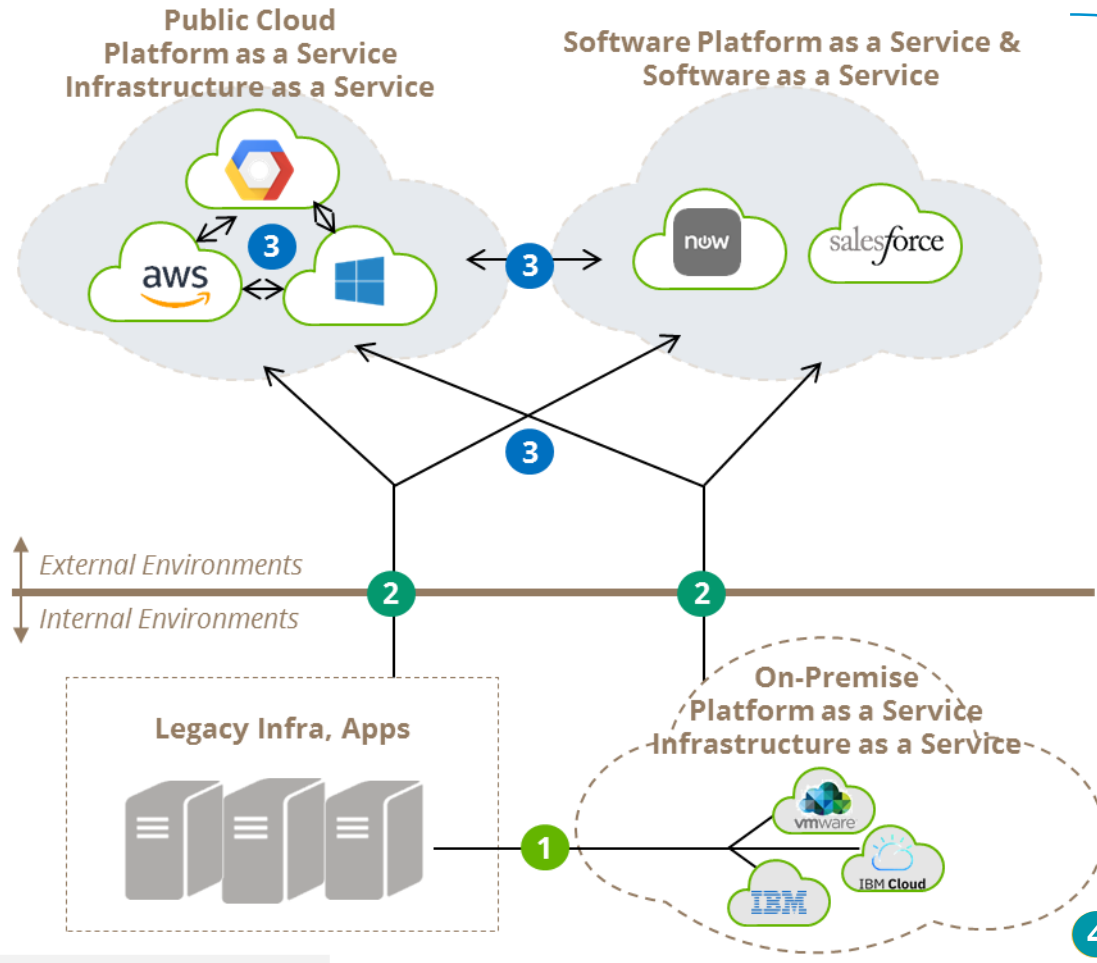
While multi-cloud strategy improves performance, minimizes risk of downtime, and avoids data loss, challenges can be significant



- **Resource constraints**
 - Requires excellent infrastructure and resource expertise as cross functionality across teams is required
- **Transitioning complexity**
 - Application feasibility review required before choosing cloud platform
 - Same application should not be on multiple clouds
- **Management Complexity**
 - Need a robust multi-cloud management portal
 - A standard set of interfaces and capabilities can be provided as APIs might not be compatible
- **Compliance with Governance**
 - Multiple cloud vendors have to meet the company's compliance requirements
 - Right resources should have access to the right applications
 - Quality Agreements driving GxP compliance requirements
- **Procurement, Billing and Accounting**
 - Company has to compare cloud providers and handle multiple invoices
 - Potential for lower discount rates due to multiple providers
- **Security**
 - Strong identity management is required between different cloud providers
 - Disparate solutions with different, inconsistent approaches to integrating security concepts

Key Considerations & Best Practices

There are different flavors of multi-cloud based on the specific needs of your business

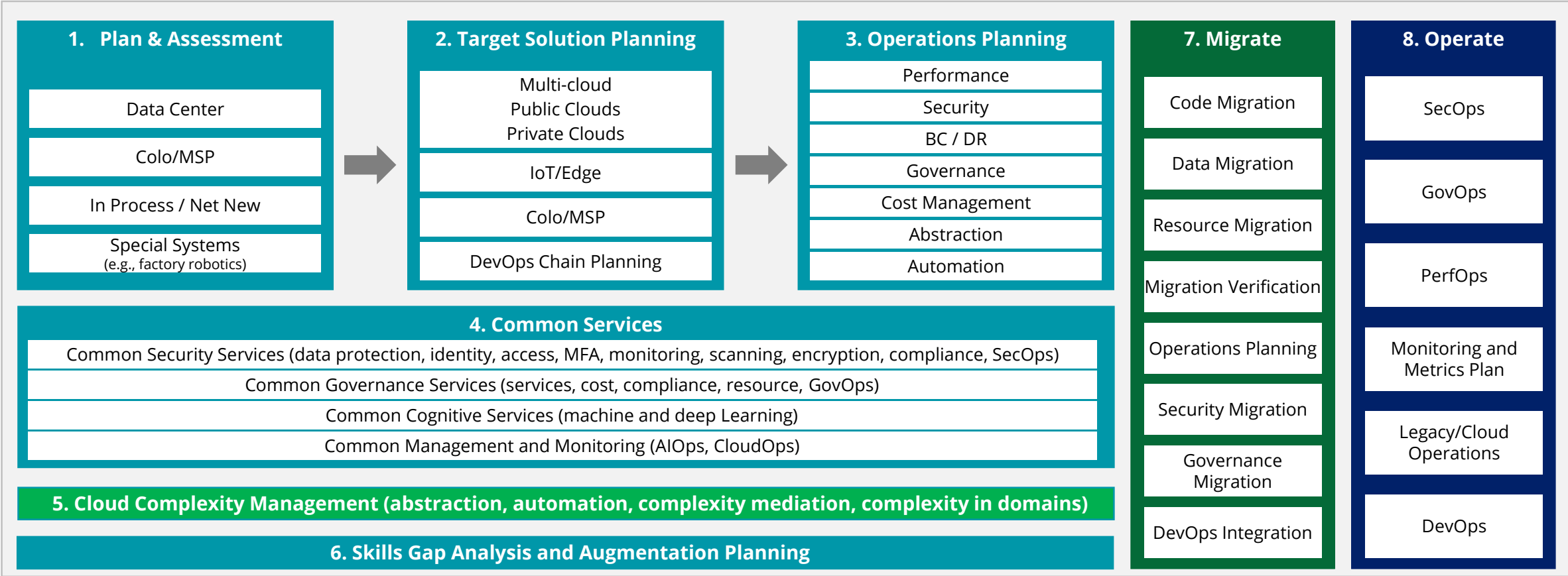


Illustrative Multi-Cloud Environment

- 1 Connecting Legacy Data Centers to Private Clouds**
 - Increased communication load on legacy infrastructure
 - Complex integration architecture – mainly point-to-point
 - Transition from monolithic or service oriented architecture to micro services architecture
- 2 Connecting Internal & External Infrastructure**
 - Implementation of multi layered security and access controls / link encryption
 - Dynamic management (policy driven) of routing,, quality of service, performance
 - Storage and data management, esp. online and transactional data
- 3 Connecting Multiple Cloud End-Points**
 - Multi-nodal service management capabilities with exponential growth in end points
 - Additional points of failure, increased issue complexity drives increased MTTR
 - Multiple toolsets drive complexity and overhead
 - Balancing data security and privacy, governance, cost, and utility objectives
- 4 Proactively Governing Technology and Vendors**
 - Maintenance of multiple vendor specific policies, SLAs
 - Increased configuration management complexity
 - Applying on premise risk, security, compliance for vendor provided services
 - Balancing data privacy, governance, cost, and utility objectives

Deloitte's Framework for Multi-Cloud Execution

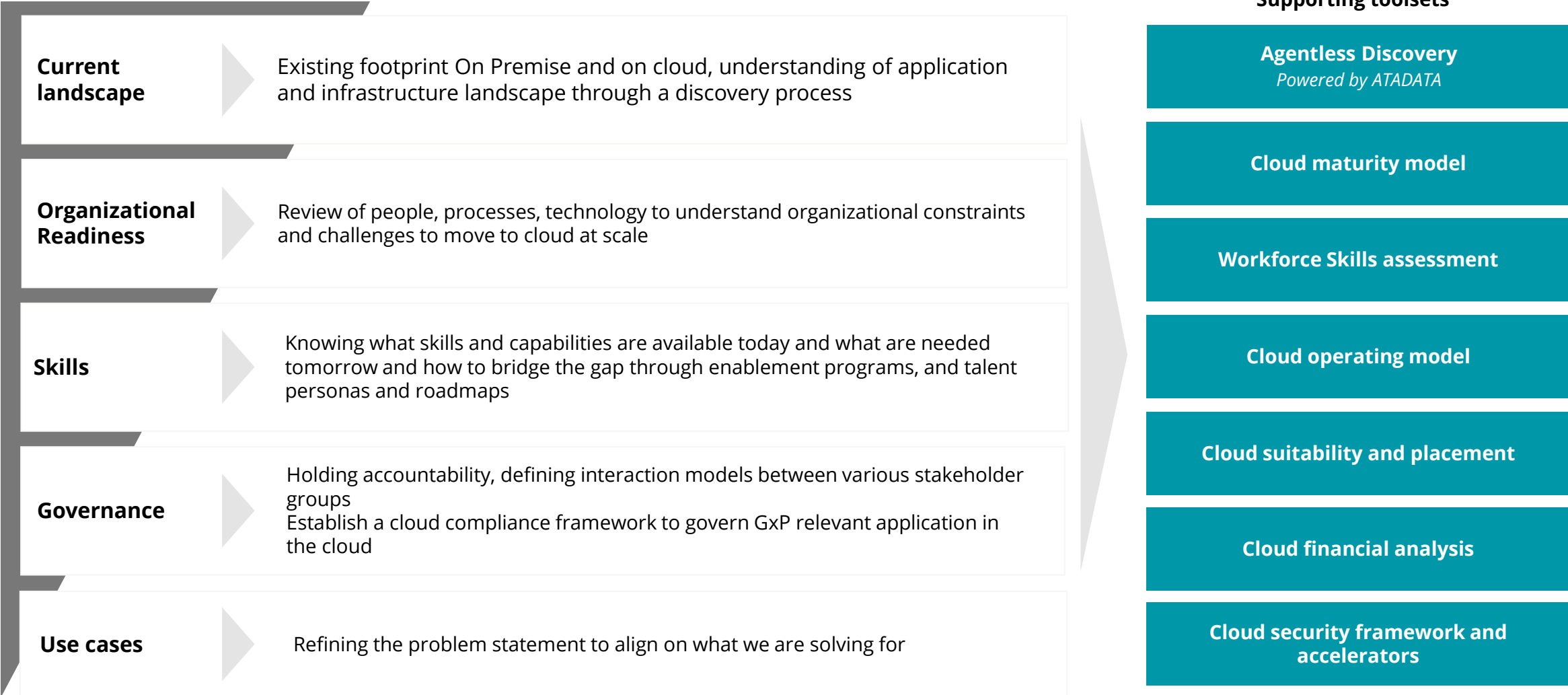
Our holistic framework means that we can support Baxter at every stage of your multi-cloud journey



Key Considerations				
Modernization	Security and Privacy	Complexity Management	Use Cases	DevOps & Agile
Migration	Monitoring	Innovation	Deployments	Financial Management

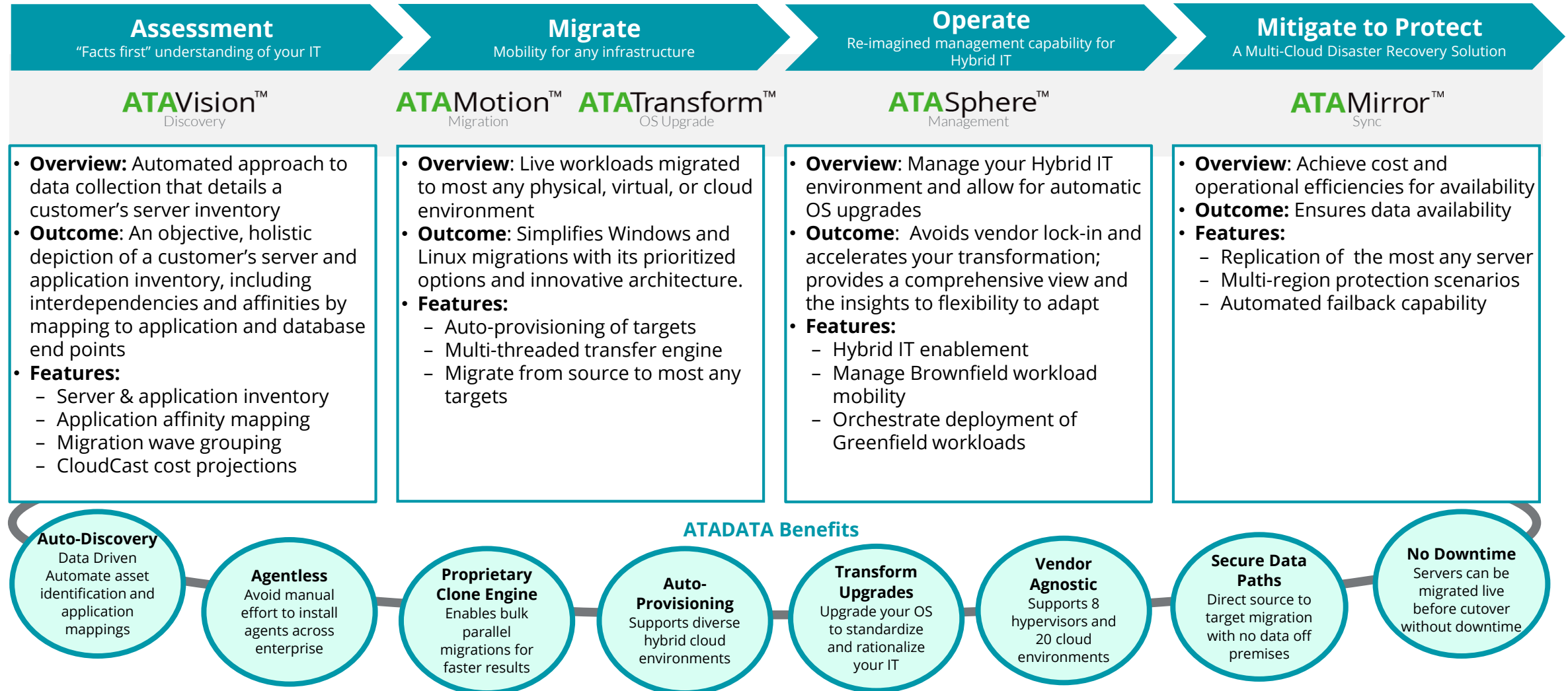
Our Comprehensive Approach to Cloud Assessment, Strategy and Planning

We take an asset and methodology driven approach to define the path forward for our clients' multi-cloud journey



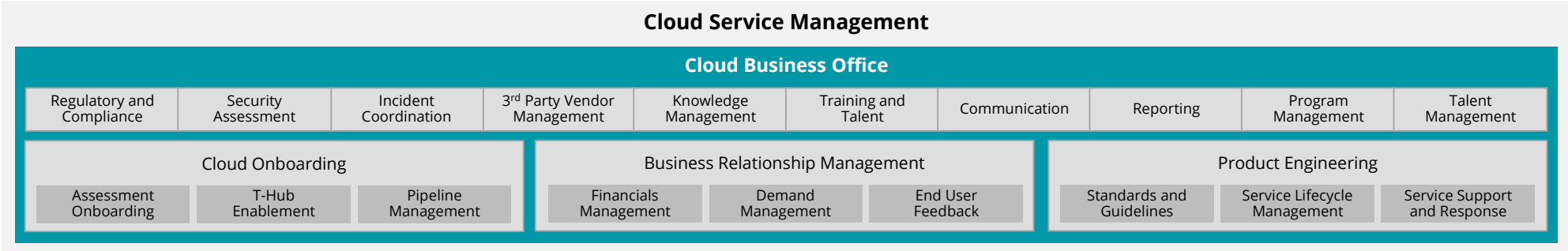
Assessment: Our Asset Driven Approach to Migrating to a Multi-cloud Environment

Differentiator: We have invested in a methodology and ATADATA toolset that drive at scale migrations to public cloud

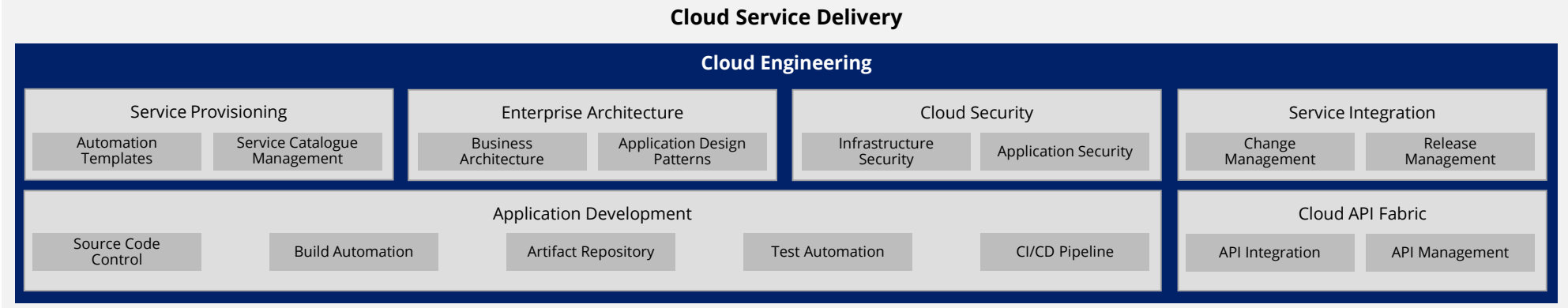


Cloud Center of Excellence: Manage Migration and establishing Governance

Moving to multi-cloud creates additional complexity that requires a robust organizational construct to manage the overall cloud footprint



Understands the business priorities, filters customer demand, and governs the development and delivery of cloud services
Establish qualification plans for the migration of GxP relevant application. Assist in qualification activities



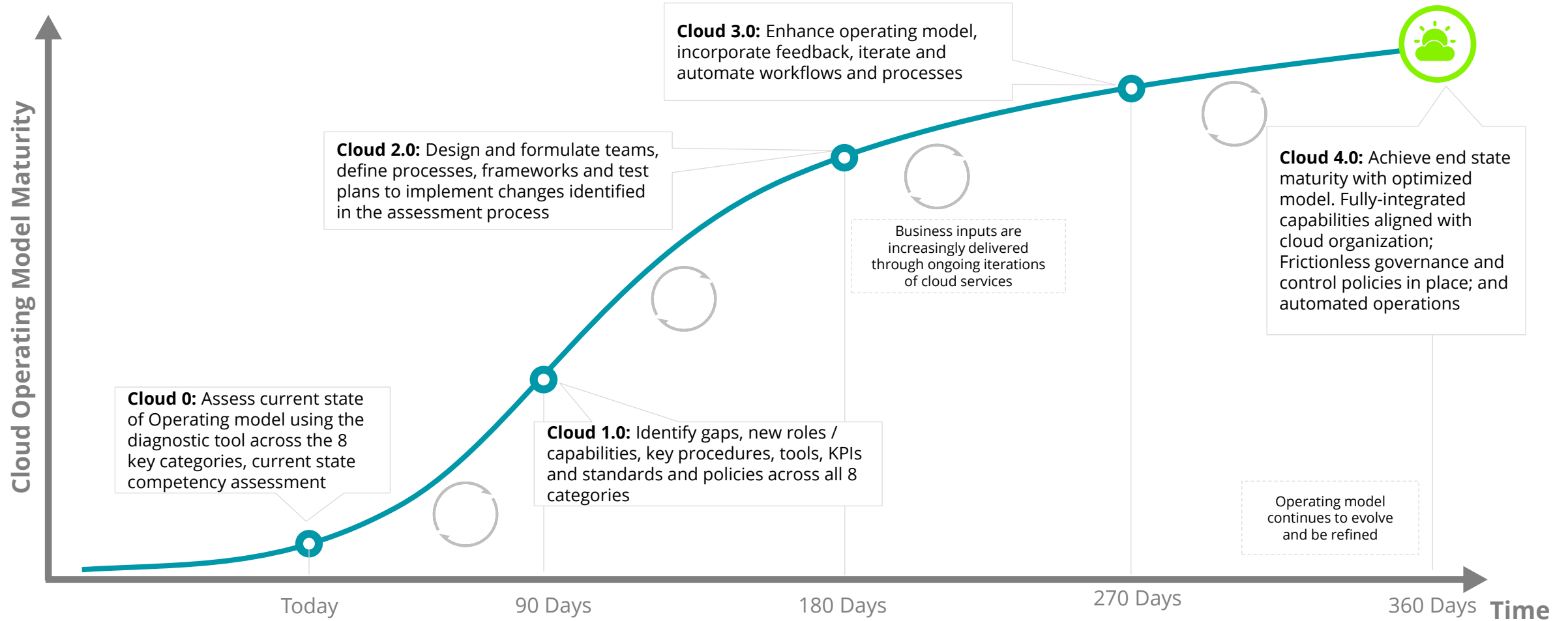
Responsible for integrating technology and cloud services from different cloud vendors and for managing the service catalogue; Delivers reliable cloud services and provides an end-to-end integration point



Provides cloud service operations support for the platform with focus on continuous improvement across the multi-cloud environment

Revising the Operating Model in Anticipation of Multi-Cloud (1)

Moving to multi-cloud increases an organization's need to focus on maturing the operating model in response to cloud











As part of the cloud transformation program, an organization needs to evolve its existing IT Operating Model processes, workflows, roles, and governance to support the agile nature of cloud, and transform how services are delivered in efficient manner.

Roll out of cloud operating model can be iterative and continue to evolve over time. It can start with establishing a Minimum Viable Operating Model leveraging 3-5 scenarios per LOB as pilots, and evolve into a fully integrated set of cloud with business focus.

Revising the Operating Model in Anticipation of Multi-Cloud (2)

Maturing the operating model means taking action across multiple dimensions

		Cloud 1.0 - Foundational	Cloud 2.0 - Transformative	Cloud 3.0 - Innovative	Cloud 4.0 - Exponential
1	Transformation	 Symphonic Organization <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Define the interaction between teams on how the flow of work gets performed in the cloud Identify new roles, responsibilities and skills required to build, adapt and operate cloud 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Augment with cloud specific roles, working models supporting the new operating model Adopt working models such as Platform teams and Cloud Business Office (CBO) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Transform IT operating model to optimize the people, process and technologies in distributed environment 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Incubate agile, multi-functional teams which are proficient in cloud capabilities
		 Cloud Native Competencies <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identify competencies needed to support cloud based organization Define the gaps in competencies and provide recommendations for filling the gaps 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Implement organizational change management process to facilitate transition Develop a transition plan from being operators & administrators to being developers of automation & cloud solutions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Shift mindset from siloed teams & work queues to product-centric, cross-functional teams Evaluate resources & map current vs. future competencies required to run Cloud Native applications and services 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Build in-house center of excellence to incubate best practices and best-in-class cloud trends and technologies Partner with HR/ Talent and establish specific incentive programs
2	Governance	 Governance & KPIs <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Establish a governance framework for cloud & leverage methods such as automation & continuous monitoring Establish necessary policies & check points 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Align KPIs with overall cloud strategy Identify KPIs & develop dashboards across strategic, executive and operational levels 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enhance existing capabilities to address the requirements for multi cloud setup 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Oversee overall performance and manage contracts of external advisors and vendors
		 Security & Compliance <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Setup a system to design & manage security policies and compliance consistently across cloud vendors and business units Ensure the organization has preventive, detective, and corrective controls 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ensure cloud platform & software is auditable and compliant with defined security controls & policies Design architectures to accelerate recovery and reduce incident response time 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Create comprehensive visibility of cloud assets down to the guest-level by providing visibility and detection beyond the traditional perimeter (enterprise networks, legacy data centers, on-premise users) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Build resilient, highly-available infrastructure on cloud, aligned to business requirements by leveraging elastic and distributed capabilities
		 Cloud Economics <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Setup processes, guidelines, and tooling to manage and optimize cloud spend, spread accountability of cloud optimization across the enterprise 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Implement governance policies for the cloud, have a centralized cloud financial policy for teams to access Provide daily reports & enforce usage quotas 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Make chargeback granular and traceable by business unit, application/platform Provide audit trail capabilities, establish approval processes for new services and regions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Optimize the cloud landing zone design decisions and application patterns during cloud adoption as impact grows bigger with the scale of workloads migrated to the cloud
3	Engineering	 Cloud Adoption <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Draft gov. policies, standards and procedures Create training program to build competencies Identify remediation to make existing apps cloud ready 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Evaluate workloads for cloud suitability Develop architecture standards for cloud native development Develop Applications with cloud principles of multi-tenancy, autoscaling & easy integration 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Implement the migration factory, migration roadmap and baseline tools & processes for automation and operations Finalize governance framework for vendor selection & create onboarding process for new users 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Optimize KPIs, KRIs & service targets for vendor management Pilot application migration & phased migration Enable use of CI/CD pipelines for faster provisioning
		 Cloud Platform <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Define policies/controls/design patterns for cloud native architecture Define the service catalog, service configuration and deployment policies 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Establish Architectural practice and maintain modular and repeatable patterns Enable self service access to the self service catalog 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Develop open, scalable architecture to leverage multiple cloud platforms Develop Cloud Integration architecture & tooling for on-premise to cloud and cloud to cloud 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Orchestration based on user-defined policies and scripts implemented Understand business priorities, customer demand & govern development and delivery
		 Cloud Operations <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Define and manage configuration, health, performance of cloud infrastructure, platform and SaaS solutions Define processes to monitor the utilization of infrastructure resources to avoid cloud sprawl 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Centralized monitoring for performance and health Monitor and automate failure detection and self-healing of cloud services and configurations 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enable cloud service redundancy, resiliency and replication for high-availability and disaster recovery, leveraging cloud provider's built-in capabilities and third-party tooling 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enable compliance monitoring and reporting for regulatory and audit controls Provided consolidated management of overall cloud deployment

Optimizing the Multi-Cloud Footprint

Creating a multi-cloud environment is only half the journey. There needs to be a continued focus on keeping this environment efficient



PLAN



DESIGN



DISCOVER



CRAFT



STABILIZE

Understand customer financial requirements

Create tagging schema and implementation plan

Collect utilization data to understand usage behavior

Create optimization roadmap and recs

Maintain realized savings. Utilize potential discounts

Collect billing, utilization and other documentation

Define usage metrics and alerting mechanism

Identify idle resources and waste for deletion

Integrate recs with change management policies

Budget consumption trends and RI management

Identify areas of focus for optimization roadmap

Create initial governance policies

Identify rightsizing of architecture based on priority

Enact recommendation and track implementation

Continuous monitoring and usage tracking

Finalize roles and responsibilities along with key timelines

Identify areas for automation and scripting

Identify other consumption trends

Update budget projection and investigate purchase tactic

Tagging structure and reporting updates

Thank You

Questions?